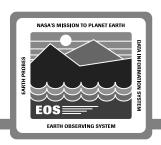


# User and Algorithm Models Andy Endal

**14 February 1995** 

### **Topics**



#### **Boundary Conditions**

#### Science User Model

- Model components
- Derived parameters
- Design utilization

#### **Processing Scenarios**

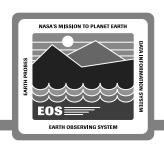
- Ad Hoc Working Group on Production (AHWGP)
- New baseline and analysis
- Impact of changes since SDR

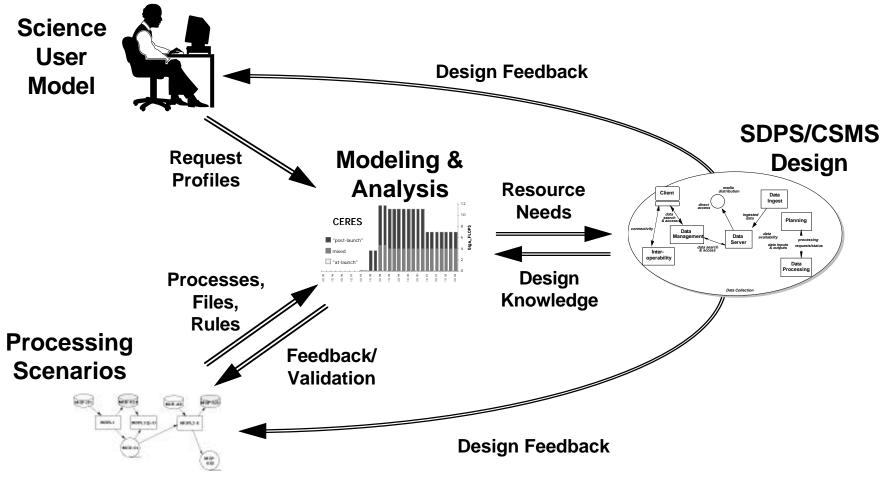
#### **System Performance Model**

- Model description
- Results

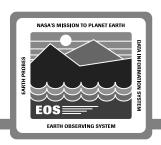
#### **Issues**

### **Modeling Context**





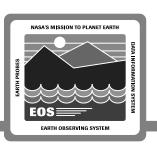
### **Boundary Conditions**



#### Boundary Conditions Derive from Policy and/or Assumptions

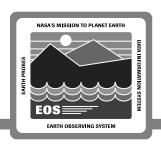
- 1. User Community (policy)
  - User models describe the Earth Science / Global Change users
- 2. Data Distribution (assumption / cost constraint)
  - Distribute data to the users at twice the rate of data production
    - 50% electronic distribution; 50% by media
- 3. Data Processing (assumption / engineering parameter)
  - Peak processing capacity at least 4 times average requirement
- 4. Data Reprocessing (assumption / engineering parameter)
  - Phased capacity starting with 0.3X (Launch 2 years) for Algorithm Integration and Test
  - Building to 4.2X (Launch + 2 years) to include reprocessing

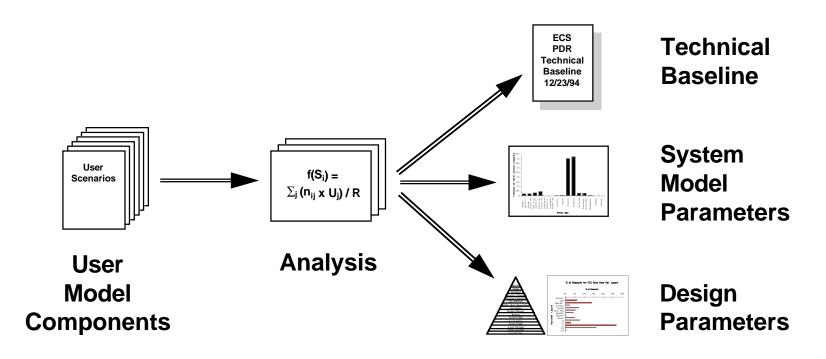
### **Boundary Conditions (cont.)**



- 5. Data Archiving (assumption / engineering parameter)
  - Archive Standard Product data (Levels 1-3)
  - Twelve-month rolling archive for Level 0 data
  - Retain Level 0 (after 12 months) only if no Level 1a product is available
  - Capacity for six months of Standard Product data required to support reprocessing

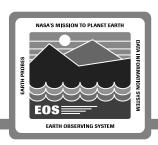
### Science User Model





Current User Model is a Refinement of the SDR Model

### **User Model Components**



#### Reference:

ECS User Characterization Methodology and Results (September 1994)

#### **Science User Scenarios**

- Step-by-step description of system usage for science research
  - User request => Service invocation & data => results
- 27 scenarios collected/validated during past twelve months
- Analyzed to extract relative frequency of service invocation in 15 categories (e.g., single-site coincidence search, data inspection, ...)

#### **Science User Demographics**

- Utilized to assign number of users to each scenario
- Based on 1993 survey of articles in science research journals

### **Model Components (cont.)**



#### **Relative Interest in Data Products**

- Five user disciplines (atmosphere, land & hydrology, oceans, cryosphere, interdisciplinary)
- Relative populations based on memberships in professional societies
- Used to size loads at specific DAACs and for specific servers

#### Projected total number of user accesses per year

- Based on statistics and projections from participating DAACs
- Independent estimates by B. Barkstrom (LaRC) and M. James (GSFC)

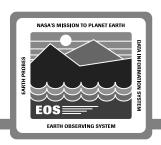
#### Daily distribution of user accesses

September 1994 statistics from "killian" server at GSFC

#### Geographic distribution of users

• Distribution of EOS investigators, corrected for international users

### **Analysis: Service Invocations**



$$f(S_i) = \sum_j (n_{ij} \times U_j) / R$$

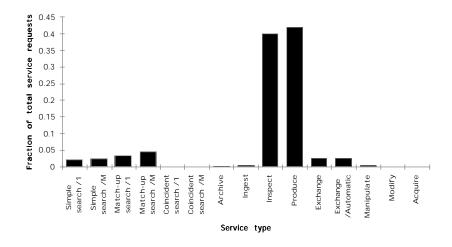
#### where:

 $f(S_i)$  = proportion of invocations for service  $S_i$  [ $\Sigma_i f(S_i) = 1$ ]

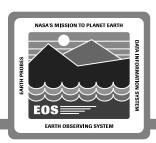
 $n_{ij}$  = number of times service  $S_i$  is invoked in scenario j (in 1 year)

U<sub>j</sub> = number of users associated with scenario j

R = total rate of invocations of all services =  $\sum_{i} \sum_{j} (n_{ij} \times U_{j})$ 



### **Analysis: Access Frequency**



$$r(t_{EST}) = R \times \sum_{K} [f_{K} \mathcal{O}(t_{K} + \Delta_{K->L})] / 525960 (min./yr.)$$

#### where:

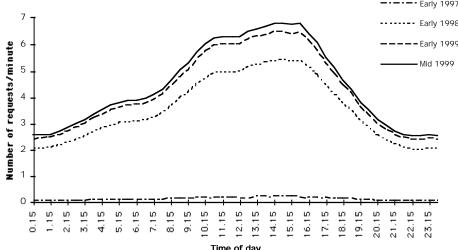
= rate of service invocation at Eastern Standard Time t<sub>EST</sub> r(t<sub>EST</sub>)

R = total rate of service invocation (see previous slide)

= fraction of users in time zone K

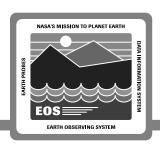
 $\emptyset(t_K)$  = fraction of service invocations originating at local time  $t_K$ 

= time difference from user zone K to EST



705-CD-002-001 AE-10

### **Analysis: Accesses by DAAC**



$$P_{L} = P_{L@L} + \sum_{M \neq L} P_{M->L}$$

#### where:

P<sub>L</sub> = service invocation probability at DAAC L

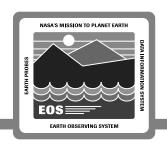
P<sub>L@L</sub> = probability user will access ECS through DAAC L and use local services

P<sub>M->L</sub> = probability of inter-DAAC service request from DAAC M to DAAC L

	Early 1997	Early 1998	Early 1999	Mid 1999	
ASF	0	0.05	0.04	0.04	
EDC	0	0.20	0.17	0.15	
GSFC	0.44	0.19	0.22	0.24	
JPL	0	0.12	0.12	0.12	
LaRC	0.44	0.19	0.22	0.24	
MSFC	0.12	0.20	0.17	0.15	
NSIDC	0	0.05	0.04	0.04	
Totals	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	

Determined primarily by relative interest in data products (i.e., DAAC discipline and size of discipline community)

## **Design Utilization**



#### **Technical Baseline: For Each DAAC @ 5 Epochs**

- Archive Volume
- Volume Distributed
- Number of Users / Year



Accesses / Year

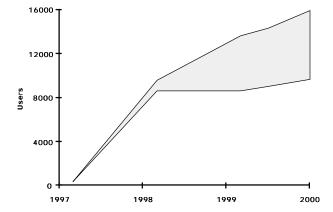
#### **System Model Parameters**

- Distribution of requests by service type
- Access frequency by DAAC, and by time of day

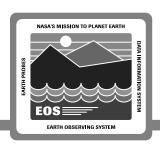
#### **Design Parameters Developed at Request of Design Teams**

- Distribution of browse & subsetting requests by file size
- Request frequency by pyramid layer
- etc.

**End-to-end scenarios for design validation** 



### **Processing Scenarios**



#### Current Model is a Major Departure from SDR

Processes and Physical Files

Ad Hoc Working Group on Production (AHWGP)

- Joint effort by Instrument Teams and ECS
- Covers Standard Product inputs, processing, outputs
- TRMM and EOS AM-1 instruments (ESC Release A and B)

**Information Provided by Instrument Software Teams** 

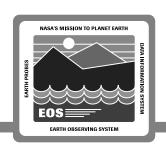
Designed to support ECS modeling requirements

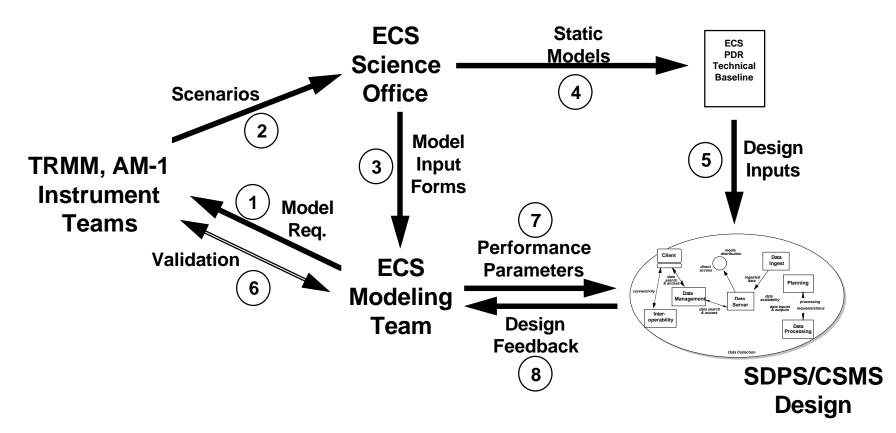
**Static Models Used to Validate Inputs** 

- Compared to SPSO database to flag changes for validation
- Provided to Instrument Teams to validate timelines

**Dynamical Model Used to Identify Disconnects** 

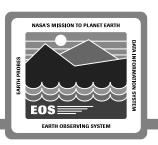
### **AHWGP Process (linear)**

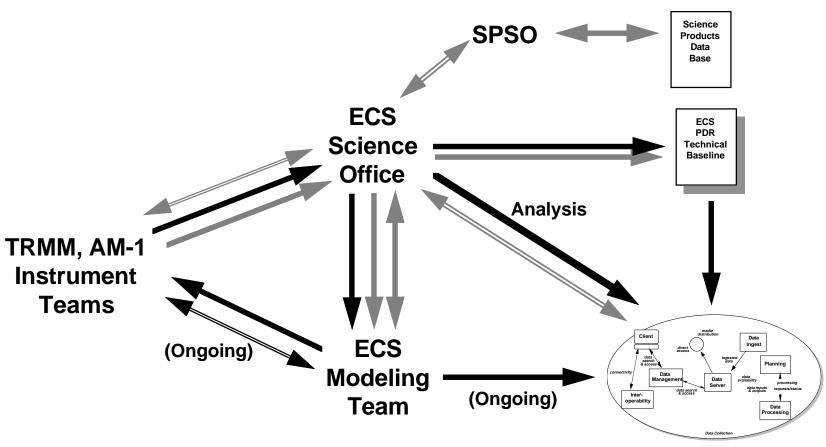




Validation Planned as Review of Models

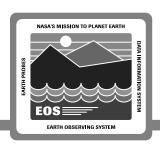
### **AHWGP Process (actual)**





Extensive Validation and Iteration at All Stages

### **Products Summary**



#### **Instrument Teams Inputs**

- Process Descriptions (production scenarios)
- File Descriptions (archive, permanent, interim, temporary)
- Process Phasing (time-line by calendar quarter)

#### **Converted to Tables for Model Ingest**

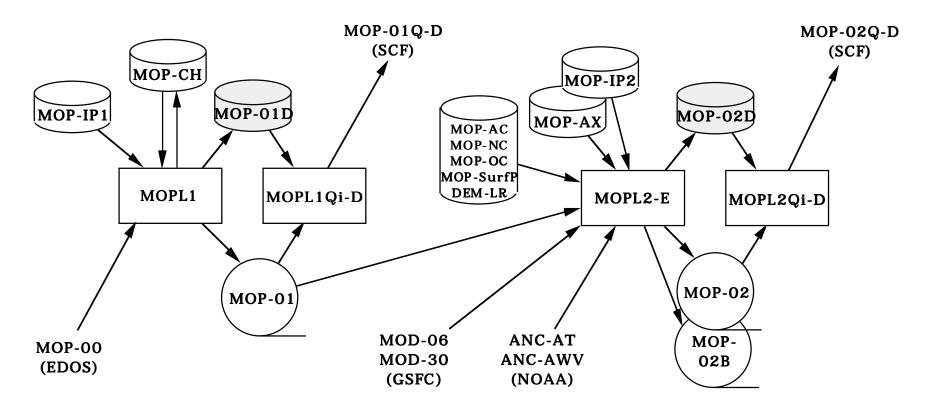
- XX Process Descriptions
- YY File Descriptions

#### **Analysis and Validation Based on Static Models**

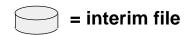
- Processing Timelines (MFLOPS by quarter)
- Volume Timelines (GBytes / day by quarter)
- Total Processing / Reprocessing and Archive Requirements
- DAAC-to-DAAC Traffic for WAN Sizing (input to CSMS design)

### **MOPITT Sample Scenario**

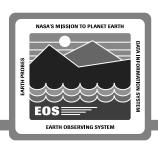




MOPITT Daily Processing at 3Q 1999



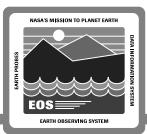
# **MOPITT Process Descriptions**



Process ID	Process Name	Processing Site	Epochs	Input File IDs		Amount Read (Fraction)	Output File ID		Amt rtten (Fraction)	Millions of Floating Point Ops per E ecution	No. of E ec.
MOPL1	Level 1 Processing	LaRC	ghijklmnopqrstuvwx	MOP-00	1	1	MOP-01	1	1	16,800	1.00
				MOP-CH	1	1	MOP-01D	1	1		
				MOP-IP1	1	1	MOP-CH	1	1		
MOPL1Qi-D		LaRC	hijklmnopqrstuvwx	MOP-01	1	1	MOP-01Q-D	1	1	900	1.00
			1	MOP-01D	1	1					
MOPL2-E	Level 2 Processing	LaRC	jklmno	MOP-01	1	1	MOP-02	1	1	1,502,250	1.00
				MOP-IP2	1	1	MOP-02D	1	1		
				MOP-AX	1	1	MOP-02B	1	1		
				ANC_EDC_DEM	1	1					
				ANC_NMC_PROF	4	1					
				MOD30_L2_G	585	1					
				ANC_NMC_SURF	4	1					
				MODO6_L2_G	585	1					
				MOP-AC	1	1					
	+		-	MOP-SurfP MOP-OC	1	1				-	
	+		<del>                                     </del>	MOP-OC MOP-NC	1	1 1					
MOPL2Qi-D	Level 2 QA (inline)	LaRC	jklmnopqrstuvwx	MOP-02	1	1	MOP-02Q-D	1	1	1,350	1.00
			Ì	MOP-02D	1	1	Ī				

705-CD-002-001 AE-18

# **MOPITT File Descriptions**



File ID	Instrument	File Name		Archive Site		File Size (MB)	lemporal Coverage (Minutes)
MOP-00	MOPITT	MOPITT Level-0	MOPOO	LaRC	Permanent	255.24	1,440.00
MOP-01	MOPITT	MOPITT Level-1	MOPO1	LaRC	Archive	101	1,440.00
MOP-IP1	MOPITT			LaRC	Permanent	1	0.00
MOP-CH	MOPITT			LaRC	Permanent	1	43,200.00
MOP-01D	MOPITT			Other	Interim	255.24	0.00
MOP-01Q-D	MOPITT	Level-1 QA diagnostics		Other	Interim	10	0.00
MOP-IP2	MOPITT			LaRC	Permanent	1	0.00
MOP-AX	MOPITT			LaRC	Permanent	50	0.00
MOP-AC	MOPITT			LaRC	Permanent	1.4	0.00
MOP-OC	MOPITT	Ancillary Ozone Climatology		LaRC	Permanent	1.4	0.00
MOP-NC	MOPITT	Ancillary N20 Climatology		LaRC	Permanent	1.4	0.00
MOP-SurfP	MOPITT	Ancillary Surface Properties		LaRC	Permanent	5	0.00
MOP-02	MOPITT	MOPITT Level-2 product		LaRC	Archive	74.7	1,440.00
MOP-02D	MOPITT	Temporary diagnostic files		Other	Interim	100	0.00
MOP-02B	MOPITT	Level-2 Browse Products		LaRC	Archive	10	1,440.00
MOP-02Q-D	MOPITT	Level-2 QA diagnostic files		Other	Interim	10	0.00

705-CD-002-001 AE-19

### **MOPITT Scenario Comments**



#### **MOPITT Processing at LaRC**

MODIS Products Transferred from GSFC to LaRC

- MOPITT assumptions:
  - MOD-06 (atmospheric profiles) = 1 daily file of 140 MBytes (MB)
  - MOD-30 (cloud parameters) = 1 daily file of 100 MB
- MODIS plans for L2 products:
  - MOD06\_L2 = 585 granules/day @ 17.52 MB = 10.2 GB / day
  - MOD30\_L2 = 585 granules/day @ 35.79 MB = 20.9 GB / day
- Preprocessing MODIS files at GSFC can reduce WAN traffic and LaRC file handling

AHWGP Provides Forum for Identification of Algorithm Interface Issues

Advantages to Instrument Teams as well as ECS

### **Processing Estimates**



#### **Instrument Team Inputs to AHWGP Expressed as**

- "Theoretical" Floating\_Point\_Operations per Execution
- Execution Frequency

**Based on Operations Counts or Normalized Benchmarks** 

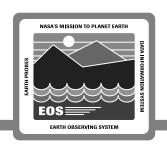
- Divide by allowed execution time to get "theoretical" FLOPS
- Multiply by 4 to get required COTS rating ("peak" FLOPS)

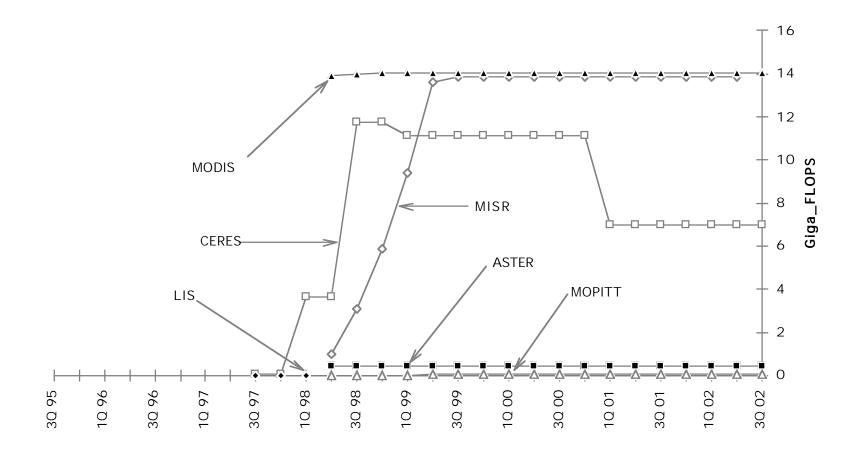
**Technical Baseline Reflects "Theoretical" FLOPS** 

All Graphs in this Presentation Show "Peak" FLOPS

Includes TRMM and AM-1 Instruments Only

## **Processing by Instrument**

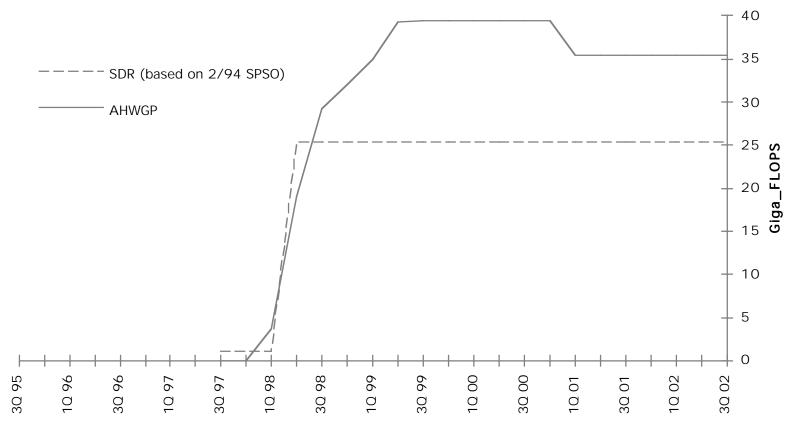




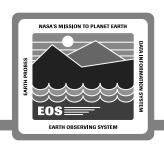
### **Comparison to SDR Baseline**



#### TRMM / AM-1 only



### **Total Processing Req.**



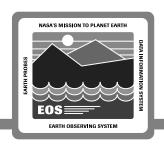
Algorithm Integration & Test Estimate Based on Engineering Judgment Reprocessing Profile Based on UARS Experience Total (AI&T + Processing + Reprocessing):

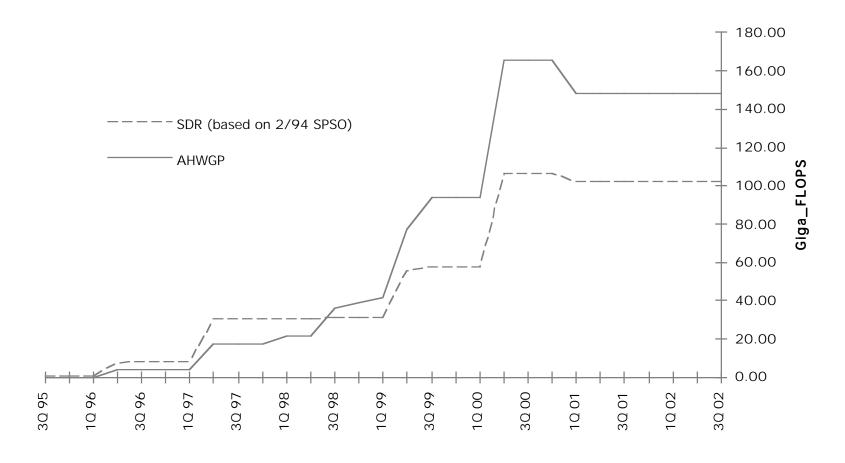
- **= 0.3 X at L-2 years**
- = 1.2 X at L-1 year
- = 2.2 X at L+1 year
- **= 4.2 X at L+2 years**

where X = at-launch processing for pre-launch period

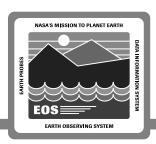
**X** = quarterly processing for post-launch period

### TRMM / AM-1 Total

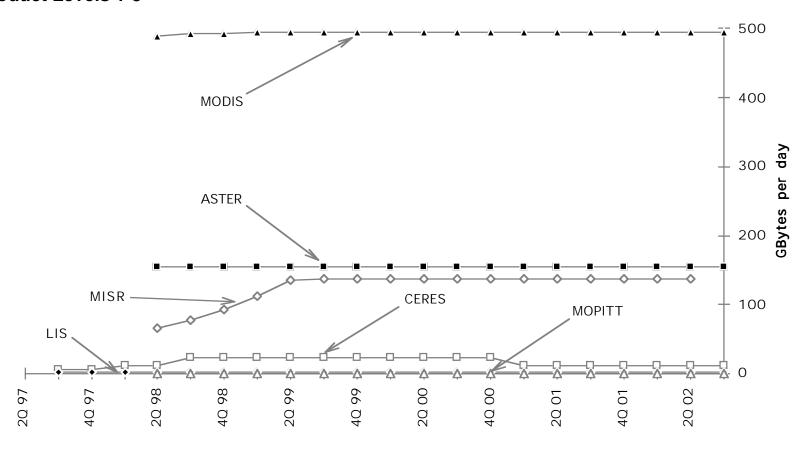




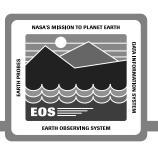
### **Data Volume by Instrument**



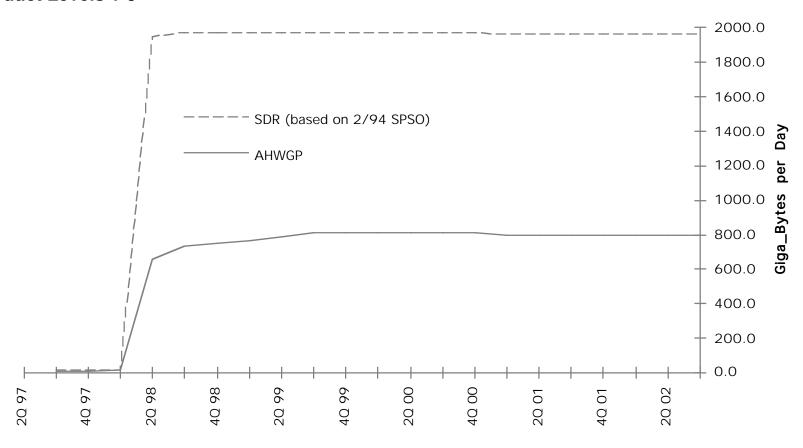
#### **Product Levels 1-3**



## **Comparison to SDR Baseline**



TRMM / AM-1 only Product Levels 1-3



### **Archive Requirements**



All Level 1-3 Standard Product Data

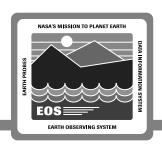
**6 Months Spare Capacity to Support Reprocessing** 

Level 0 Archived if No Level 1A Product (CERES, LIS, MOPITT)

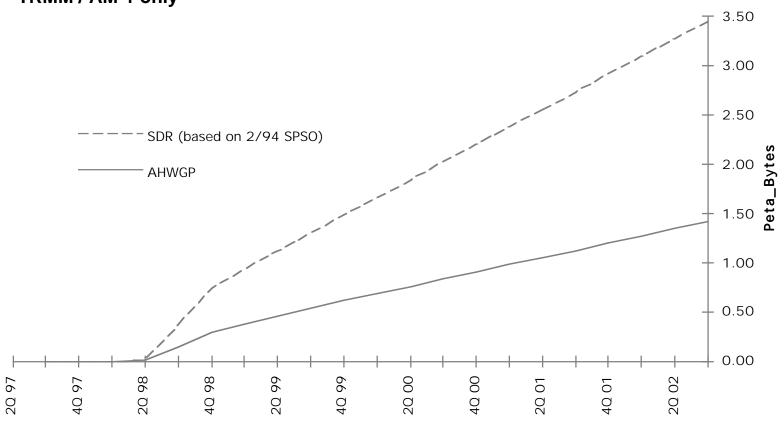
1 Year Rolling Archive for Level 0 (MISR, MODIS)

No Level 0 for ASTER

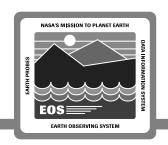
### **Product Archives**







### **AHWGP Impact**



50% Increase in Estimated Processing Requirement

- Some New Benchmarking Results
- Includes Requested Contingency for ASTER and MISR
- Continues Previous Contingency for MODIS

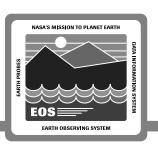
55% Decrease in Estimated Product Archive Requirement

- Major Savings in MODIS Ocean Products due to File Reorganization
  - will require some processing-on-demand or subscriptions to interim products
- Other Instruments Have Also Reduced Data Volumes Based on File Definitions

Reduction in Data Volumes Affects Archives and Working Storage

Estimate 21% Reduction in Cost of COTS HW/SW for TRMM/AM-1 Standard Product Processing and Storage

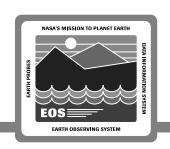
# **System Performance Model**



#### **Comparison to SDR Models -**

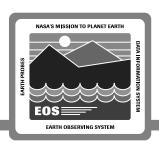
<u>Attribute</u>	<u>SDR</u>	<u>PDR</u>
Purpose	Architecture Trades	Design Trades
Perspective	Product	Process/File
Push/Pull	Separate	Coupled
Language	С	BONeS
Technique	Quasi-Dynamic	Dynamic
Method	Numerical Integration	Discrete Event
Resource Handling	Unconstrained	Constrained

# **Components in Simulation**



		Р				R
		r				е
		0		N		а
		С		e	R	d
		е		t	0	Н
	D	S		W	b	е
	i	S		0	0	а
	S	0		r	t	d
	k	r	0	k	S	S
Ingest	Υ		Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
Data Handler	Y		Y	Y	Y	Y
Processing	Y	Y	Y	Y		
Distribution	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ		Υ

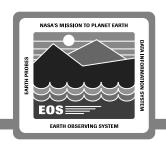
### **Sample Model Parameters**



#### **Data Handler at Each DAAC:**

- Total Archive Disk Pool Size (MB)
- Total Number of I/O Channels
- Throughput of I/O Channels (MBytes/Second)
- Number of Robots
- Maximum Robot Movement Time (Seconds)
- Number of Read/Write Heads
- Maximum Tape Seek Time (Seconds)
- Number of I/O Channels for Archive Device
- Throughput of Read/Write Heads (MBytes/Second)
- Maximum Tape Rewind Time (Seconds)
- Number of Transactions into Archive/Data Server/...
- Storage Utilization

### **Modeling Results**



Feedback / Interaction with Instrument Teams (AHWGP)

- Identified "Orphan" Data Products
- Resolved Temporal Disconnects in Coverage of Inputs / Outputs
- Revised AHWGP Scenarios for Better Process / File Organization

Single-Instrument Models in Validation (except MODIS)

Release A Instruments Integrated (CERES and LIS)

Feedback / Support to Design Teams

- Scheduling Rules for Standard Products Processing
- Improved Understanding of Processing Issues and Push / Pull Interactions

### **Next Steps**



Improve User Model Data for Relative Interest in Data Products

Required for Release B Data Server Sizing (June '95 for IDR)

**Continue AHWGP Collaboration with Instrument Teams** 

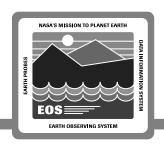
- Provide Design Feedback to ITs (now for TRMM)
- Add post-AM-1 Instruments (ongoing)

**Complete Version 2 of Dynamical System Simulation** 

- Design Support for Release B (July '95 for IDR)\*
- Support Trades for Algorithm Teams (through January '96)

\* Release A does not need dynamical model due to decoupling

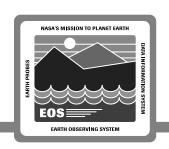
### **Issues**



#### **Address Engineering Boundary Conditions**

- Improve Access to Data with Networks Limitations (July '95 for Rel. B IDR)
  - Strategies for precise data identification, subsetting, and incorporation of user methods
  - Need IDS participation
- Quantify Peak-to-Theoretical FLOPS Ratio (January '96 for Rel. B CDR)
  - Instrument Team algorithm benchmarking
  - ECS prototyping
- Develop QA and Reprocessing Scenarios with AHWGP (June '95 for Rel. A CDR)
  - Develop concensus on QA definitions and roles
  - Improve understanding of operational implications
  - Quantify reprocessing load (incl. DAAC-to-DAAC traffic)

### Issues (cont.)



- Develop Subsetting / Data Prep Specifications for Instrument Data Dependencies with AHWGP (July '95 for Rel. B IDR)
  - Opportunity to reduce data transport and handling costs
  - Reduce algorithm integration risks